# SAMPLE EDAIC-2 VIVA EXAM (2)



## Table 1

**Opening question**: You are given 10 minutes to understand the opening question, formulate an answer, make appropriate notes/ points, make diagrams/ flowchart where necessary.

**Question:** CO<sub>2</sub> transport in the blood.

#### Examiner 1:

• Can u answer the given question for me? Can you draw CO<sub>2</sub>-Hb dissociation curve?

# Progresses to ask about

Hypercapnia and compensatory mechanisms

#### Examiner 2:

- Fick's principal. How to calculate CO using Fick's principal?
- What are the oxygen delivery fail-safe mechanics on the anaesthesia machine?

## Table 2:

**Opening question:** What is compartmental model used for pharmacokinetic studies? Draw a three-compartment model to explain the concept.

## Examiner 1:

- Can you answer the question for me, please? And progresses to ask about drugs following the model and clinical implications
- Effect of ageing process on drug pharmacokinetics and dynamics
- What is osmoregulation? FLUID DISTRIBUTION IN BODY. HOW WOULD 1 L
  SALINE INFUSION DISTRIBUTE ITSELF IN THE BODY

#### Fxaminer 2:

- Can you draw a normal TEG? What happens during fibrinolysis. Can u label the graph?
- What is a cardiac cycle.

## **LUNCH BREAK**

## Table 3:

**Opening question:** You are posted in the OR for elective C-section under GA. After giving induction agent, the patient becomes apnoeic. Despite optimal positioning, you are unable to ventilate the patient. How would you proceed? Examiner 1:

- How would you deal with this situation? Is there any relationship between difficult airway and obstetrics?
- How will plan anaesthesia for long bone fracture in renal failure patient?

#### Examiner 2:

- Can u name some unilateral blocks? What are the landmarks and nerves we block?
- Awake FOB. How to maintain oxygenation?
- IVRA

## Table 4:

**Opening question:** Management of STATUS ASTMATICUS patient in ICU. Examiner 1: I hope you are ready with your answer, shall we proceed? Then, progresses to

- Ask details of pharmacological management of status.
- PF
- TBI and management goals

### Examiner 2:

- Shows a BIS reading on monitor and asks related questions (reliability/accuracy/ reading interpretation ∨ other similar methods)
- CXR with pleural effusion. Asks how to differentiate between effusion and pneumothorax. Causes of unilateral pleural effusion.